

# Technology Vocabulary in Rejistanian

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Naisikire mji'het rejavisko vinesju

Rejistanian is an

\* agglutinating

\* a priori

\* auxlang-ish

conlang

\* used in the game of NationStates

\* in IRC

\* and in my imagination

\* Rejistania's technology is neither medieval nor futuristic

\* Rejistania's technology differs in certain aspects from real life:

- \* slower processor speeds
- \* less bloat
- \* FLOSS software
- \* no dominant OS

' at the beginning indicates a verb

'het is the suffix for a concrete noun

'tan is the suffix for an abstract noun

'he is the suffix for a person associated with  
the word

Example:

'ameri: to read

ameri'het: text

ameri'tan: literacy

ameri'he: reader

\* loan words

Example: sistenha'het, komvuteru'het

\* noun adjuncts

Example: ameri'het дума, inik'tan odis

\* compounds

Example: 'keldadimil, nenvydimil'het

\* repurposed words

Example: itu'het, lki'het, hanluru'het

\* neologisms

Example: ukuku'het

The word sistenha'het is a quite versatile word, often used similar to the word 'device' or system. Formal terms often base themselves on sistenha'het.  
sistenna'tan means technology

From these, many informal terms are derived.

sistenna'het dori itu:	trackball
sistenna'het dori lki:	computer mouse
sistenna'het seve:	operating system
sistenna'het njinji'ta:	software
sistenna'het nijev kemas:	version control system

Code for Rejistanis is still considered readable, thus based on ameri'het (text).

ameri'het velak: mail

ameri'het hasejel: source code

ameri'het duma: error message (colloquial)

ameri'het hax: regular expression

ameri'het helku: data packet

Files however never had the bureau metaphor attached to them and the name is quite prosaic:  
set of values: edueha'het



Here are some things which are done with files:

'ameri: to open a file ('jula is sometimes used as a calque)

'keldadimil: to save a file

'ytinvisko: to compile a file

'tari: to run a file

'isena: to install

'isrel: to pirate a file

'vared: to delete

'kemas: to release, to fork

Things which can go wrong on a computer:  
'asiti, 'munali'ta: to be crashy, to be unstable  
'kilutha: to segfault, to have a general  
protection fault  
'hytil: to be buggy  
'hilid: to crash, to stall  
'sinit himtiltera'het tuku: to format the wrong  
partition  
itva'het tiltera/etimiku: harddisk failure  
kelhela'het: smoke  
{Rete'het mi'juku'ta!}: "The internet is not  
working"

--Conclusion

Do you have any questions?